Sherlock Holmes Goes Steampunk

Yorktown High School, Yorktown, Indiana- Mrs. Barbara Miller Alexandria Jr / Sr. High School, Alexandria, Indiana- Mrs. Beth Roop, Ms. Jamie Stapleton Spring 2015

Aim:

- To engage over 150 students in three courses in the Sherlock Holmes mysteries
- To promote students' higher order thinking skills (problem solving, analysis, creativity)
- To showcase elements of the Industrial and Romantic Eras.
- To connect art and literature
- To show students the relevance of Victorian literature to life today
- To promote students' ability to work effectively in groups
- To use Sherlock Holmes stories to meet Common Core Academic Standards

Proposal:

Yorktown High School students will read and analyze Sherlock Holmes stories as a class and in literature circles. They will then research aspects of Victorian London and the art movement called Steampunk. In small groups, these students will design board games that incorporate Steampunk motifs and literary elements of the Sherlock Holmes stories. (Resource 1) The designs will be sent to advanced art students at Alexandria High School to execute as game boards and tokens. Underclassmen students at both schools will use the games to prepare for standardized state testing.

Process:

First, we built background knowledge during a digital learning day. The Yorktown students read nonfiction texts about Victorian London, identifying three interesting facts about the era and explaining in a paragraph on a discussion post why each fact caught their attention. Then students commented on others' posts with ideas about how two facts could be integrated into a Sherlock Holmes mystery. (Resource 2)

Then, as a class, the Yorktown students began working with the texts. They read, analyzed and tested on "A Scandal in Bohemia." They covered theme, mood, characterization, plot and conflict in the short story. "A Scandal in Bohemia" became our mentor text throughout the project, as we continually referred to literary aspects of the story, as well as elements that would translate well into a board game.

Next, the Yorktown students were divided into five literature circles based on their reading levels, and each group was assigned a story from the book *Six Great Sherlock Holmes Stories*. These stories included "The Red-headed League," "The Adventure of the Empty House," The Final Problem," The Adventure of the Speckled Band," and "The Adventure of the Engineer's Thumb." In their literature circles, the students replicated the analysis we had done as a class.

At this point, we discussed our overall aim, to create board games that would help younger students prepare for their state exams. (Resource 3) We read nonfiction pieces about the value of playing games in school and outside of school. Students wrote essays evaluating the arguments of the writers.

Now they were ready to think about their specific games. They viewed a PowerPoint presentation about Steampunk, a new art movement that combines elements of Romanticism with elements of the Industrial Revolution, and discussed ways they see Steampunk in pop culture today. We used pages from *Creative Haven Steampunk Designs Coloring Book* Dover for a take-home coloring contest to help students interact with Steampunk motifs. Students began to brainstorm connections between the stories, Steampunk, and familiar board games.

At the same time, the Alexandria art students began researching Steampunk using the PowerPoint presentation and the Internet. They began brainstorming motifs to use on the game boards. Back at Yorktown, each literature circle sketched out full size renderings of their games. (Resource 4) These design plans were sent to Beth Roop, the art teacher at Alexandria, who matched artists to the designs, and they began drawing using resource books related to gears and machinery.

In the meantime, the Yorktown students moved on to cover units on *Romeo and Juliet* and a novel to give the artists time to begin their work.

In early April after spring breaks for both schools, the Alexandria students sent questions to the Yorktown groups via email. The Yorktown crew made and sent videos in response and then began formatting final drafts of questions and answers for each game. In order to write strong directions to the games, the students participated in lessons about process analysis writing and analyzed the rules to The Game of Life. They then crafted their rules pages for each game.

The week before Yorktown final exams, the nearly completed game boards were brought back from Alexandria to show the designers. They were thrilled to see how the Alexandria art students had taken their ideas about Sherlock Holmes stories and translated them into Steampunk themes and colors. The boards were sent back to Alexandria for final touches with the understanding that they would return to Yorktown for the beginning of the 2015-16 school year before returning to Alexandria for the remainder of the year for Ms. Jamie Stapleton to use in test prep with underclassmen.

What We Learned:

Time: Excessive days out of school this year due to snow and cold moved back our timetable and prohibited our testing the games this school year. In August, the games will be tested at Yorktown and then return to Alex for art students to create matching boxes and for underclassmen test prep.

Communication: Having classes at different times of the day prohibited our synchronous chatting as we had hoped. Using email had limitations because teachers were not always included in the exchanges. We resorted to video and hand written instructions and correspondence at times, as well as many emails and texts between the teachers.

Difficulty: Scaffolding was helpful for low level readers; we used two story versions that supported lower level reading, even though the tests were based on the original texts.

In Short: All the students were heavily engaged and invested in this project. The literature students came away both appreciating the Sherlock Holmes stories and knowing their literary terms and how to recognize examples in text. The art student understood the Steampunk movement and the challenges and rewards of working for a "client." This project was a major success. Thank you, Beacon Society!

Results:























Sherlock Holmes Goes Steampunk

Mrs. Barbara Miller Yorktown High School

Project Overview

GOALS: To analyze short stories; to problem solve; to compose using pastiche; to work in groups; to help others academically.

<u>IN ACADEMIC STANDARDS</u>: 9-10 RL.1; Rl2.1; rl2.2; RL 3.2; RV.1; RV.3.1; RV.3.3; W.1; W.3.1; W.3.2; W.4; W.6.2; SL.2.1; SL.2.4

PROCESS and TIMELINE:

M, 2-23 Introduction to Steampunk and pastiche- paragraph form. Review overview sheet and game rubric.

Brainstorm game ideas- submit ideas on exit slip.

T, 2-24 Decide on idea and begin to plan game.

Make task chart and divide responsibilities- exit slip in paragraph form.

Contact Alexandria Monroe advanced art students for design ideas and help as group, writing in correct letter format.

- W, 2-25 Work on games in computer lab. Exit ticket about meeting goals for day.
- Th, 2-26 Work on games in computer lab. Check facts on games. Exit slip on project status in paragraph form.
- F, 2-27 Finish games in computer lab. Contact Alex students using letter form.
- M, 2-28 Play games and evaluate in paragraph form.
- T, 2-29 Test on project includes terms from games (see rubric), letter to BSU students about our project, and paragraph arguing which is best game and why.

GRADES:

- Daily exit slips/paragraphs 12 points each in homework/classwork category.
- Communication with Alex art students 25 points each in writing category.
- Game 100 points in writing category- shared grade with paragraph about students' contributions to make grade adjustments as necessary.
- Test 100 points in test category.
- Pop quizzes over elements of a paragraph, steampunk and pastiche- 10 points in quiz category.

Resource 2

Victorian London Lesson- Background Knowledge Setting Context

Today as your E-leaning makeup day lesson, we will be crowd-sourcing interesting information that we find about Victorian London. This is the time when Sherlock Holmes was solving mysteries. Remember, Holmes and Watson were fictional characters, but the times they lived in were very real and a critical aspect of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's mysteries. Let's explore this time period using Internet sources:

- 1. Choose one source below:
 - a. An interactive walking tour through a Victorian Home: http://www.geffrye-museum.org.uk/learning/walk-through-a-victorian-house/walk-through/
 - b. A panoramic picture of a Victorian Parlor: http://www.geffrye-museum.org.uk/period-rooms-and-gardens/panoramas/1870-drawing-room/index.html
 - c. Change taking place in the Victorian Era: http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/british/victorians/speed_01.shtml
- 2. **Open the source and explore** the site.
- 3. You are looking for **three interesting facts** about Victorian London that you can share on our MBC Groups Discussion Board.
- 4. Start by **opening a Word Document**.
- 5. **Rewrite one fact in your own words** don't just copy and paste because that is plagiarism.
- 6. In parentheses after your fact, write the name of the website you used.
- 7. Then in a "plump paragraph," explain why this fact caught your attention. You might include connections, comments, or questions that you have about the fact.
- 8. Repeat two more times for two more facts that you find.
- 9. Save your document on your desktop.
- 10. Open MBC and go to Groups- Discussions- Victorian London.
- 11. Copy and paste your facts and paragraphs onto the MBC Groups Discussion called "Victorian London.
- 12. Finally, scroll through the facts that others have found, and in the comment section beneath two of them brainstorm an idea of how this fact could be used by Arthur Conan Doyle in a Sherlock Holmes mystery and why he might use it.

Exemplary- 20 points	Proficient- 16 points	Emerging- 14 points	Inadequate 0-13 points
Includes three interesting	Includes three facts and a	Includes two facts and a	Includes one or no facts or a
facts and a plump paragraph	paragraph for each that	paragraph for each that	paragraphs for each that
for each that fully explains	explains the choice and	explains the choice and/or	explains the choice and/or
the choice and includes	includes connections,	includes connections,	includes connections,
connections, comments and	comments and/or questions	comments and/or questions	comments and/or questions
questions about the fact.	about the fact. Also	about the fact. Also	about the fact. May
Also fully comments on two	comments on two different	comments on one or two	comment on one different
different facts and invents	facts and invents possible	different facts. May invent	facts. May invent possible
clever possible ways they	way they could be used by	possible way they could be	way they could be used by
could be used by Doyle in a	Doyle in a Holmes' mystery	used by Doyle in a Holmes'	Doyle in a Holmes' mystery
Holmes' mystery and how.	and how.	mystery and how.	and how.

Resource 3

Writing Rubric - Story to Game Names	Block
	Test Score/10
Story	Date

Contents include all: Plot (exposition, rising action, climax, falling action, resolution); characters (protagonist, antagonist, foil); conflicts (internal and external): setting (time, place, and historical situation); time devices (foreshadowing, flashback; back story); themes; and mood.

Five of the following devices: metaphor, simile, imagery, personification, irony, hyperbole, onomatopoeia, and allusion.

	20 pts	18 pts	16 pts	14 pts	12-0 pts
Design-	Purposeful and	Somewhat purposeful	Average organization-	Weak organization- most	Confusing organization;
layout	outstanding organization-	organization- important	most important info may	important info scattered.	Poor or no flow
	Totally steampunk.	info in center. Mostly	be scattered. Some	Little steampunk. Weak or	among elements; no
	Clearly supports goals of	steampunk. Good flow	steampunk. Average flow	unclear flow between	steampunk; non-
	game. Excellent flow	among elements; good	between elements;	elements;	purposeful placement of
	among elements;	placement of headings,	Somewhat purposeful	weak placement of	headings or captions, or
	purposeful placement of	captions, and graphics. Mostly effective use of	placement of headings,	headings or captions, or graphics. Poor use of	graphics. Confusing use of color; little effective
	headings, captions, and graphics. Effective use of	color; mostly effective	captions, and/or graphics. Ineffective use of color or	color; little effective white	white space.
	color; effective white	white space.	white space.	space.	write space.
	space.	write space.	write space.	эрисс.	
	50 pts	45 pts	40 pts	35 pts	30 - 0 pts
Content	Contains 15 - 17 general	Contains 13-14 elements	Contains 10- 12 elements	Contains 8-10 elements	Contains 6-8 or fewer
	elements above very well	above mostly well	above somewhat well	above, weakly developed	elements above not
	developed in accordance	developed in accordance	developed in accordance	in accordance with story	developed or poorly
	with story. Five literary	with story and somewhat	with story and somewhat	or not engaging. Two	developed in accordance
	devices. High quality	engaging. Four literary	engaging. Three literary	literary devices. Weak or	with story. No or one
	graphics, engaging	devices. Moderate quality	devices. Moderate	inexistent graphics.	literary device. Weak or
	information.	graphics.	graphics.		inexistent graphics.
	20 pts	18 pts	16 pts	14 pts	12-0 pts
Style	All elements	Some elements	Not professionally	Not professionally	Poorly finished. Cluttered;
	professionally finished.	professionally finished.	finished. Somewhat	finished. Mostly cluttered;	non- purposeful design
	Uncluttered, purposeful	Mostly uncluttered,	cluttered; may be non-	non- purposeful design,	ragged cuts; poorly glued
	design. Neat cuts; glued	purposeful design. Mostly	purposeful design, ragged	ragged cuts; poorly glued	or taped edges;
	edges; no handwriting.	neat cuts; glued edges; no	cuts; poorly glued edges;	edges; mostly	handwritten. No
	Purposeful tokens and	handwriting. Mostly	some handwriting. Weakly	handwritten. Weakly	connected tokens or other

	other elements well	purposeful tokens and	connected tokens and	connected tokens and	elements.
	connected to story	other elements connected	other elements.	other elements.	
	•	to story.			
	10 - 9 pts	8 pts	7 pts	6 pts	5 – 0 pts
Gr/Mechanics	No errors	Few errors in spelling,	Some errors in spelling,	Many errors in spelling	Several errors in
		agreement, punctuation,	agreement, verb tense,	agreement, verb tense,	agreement, verb tense,
		parallel structure or	punctuation, parallel	punctuation, pronoun use,	punctuation, pronoun use,
		pronoun use	structure, and/or pronoun	parallel structure, or	capitalization, parallel
			use.	capitalization.	structure, and spelling

Resource 4

Game planning

Name of group members					
Story ⁻	Fitle				
1.	Model for game (Monopoly, Sorry, Chutes and Ladders, etc.)				
2.	Object of the game (how someone will win)				
3.	Rules for the game				
4.	Draw a rough model of your game board below (the actual size is 20" x 20").				
5.	Describe pieces you will need (check those your game will need) and who is responsible for making them: □ Rules				
	☐ Game board				
	☐ Cards (how many sets)				
	☐ Tokens				
	☐ Tracker board (e.g. the egg tree with fluff balls in the video)				
	☐ Counter (e.g. dice, spinner, egg timer)				
	☐ Forms or paper (e.g. with Yahtzee)				

		Other		
6.	6. Ways you will include the following literary elements and who is responsible:			
	a.	Plot		
	b.	exposition		
	C.	rising action		
	d.	climax,		
	e.	falling action		
	f.	resolution		
	g.	characters		
	h.	protagonist		
	i.	antagonist		
	j.	foil		
	k.	internal conflict		
	l.	external conflict		
	m.	setting (time, place, and historical situation)		
	n.	time devices		
	0.	foreshadowing		
	p.	flashback		
	q.	back story		
	r.	theme		
	s.	mood		
	t.	metaphor		
	u.	simile		
	v.	imagery		
	w.	personification		
	x.	irony		
	y.	hyperbole		
	z.	onomatopoeia		

aa. allusion



Stgampunk:

Sci-Fi Meets the Industrial Age through Pastiche

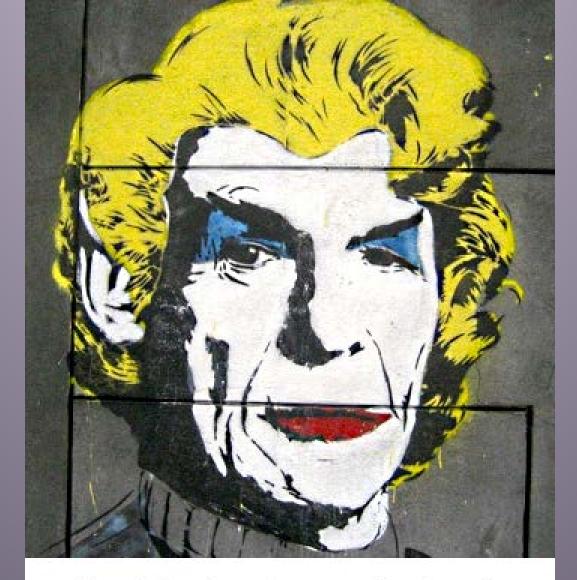
Mrs. Barbara Swander Miller



Pastiche

 A work of art that imitates another, but adds to it in some new way. A mash up.





Pastiche is a tongue-in-cheek imitation or tribute used in literature, art, music, movies, etc.



What is Steampunk?

- Recognized as a literary genre in 1987
 - Fits into Sci-fi/fantasy genre





Steampunk

- Often set in Victorian Era
- Depicts steam-powered technology





Steampunk

- Suggests romance
- Uses anachronisms (technology out of its era)





Steampunk's Foundations

- Jules Verne's
 - 20,000 Leagues Under the Sea





Steampunk's Foundations

- H.G. Wells'
 - The Time Machine





Steampunk's Foundations

- Mary Shelley's
 - Frankenstein





More Recently...

In television and movies- The Wild Wild West







Now Moved to Other Arts

Music- Abney Park





Fashion



Jewelry







Visual arts



Toys







Household Items







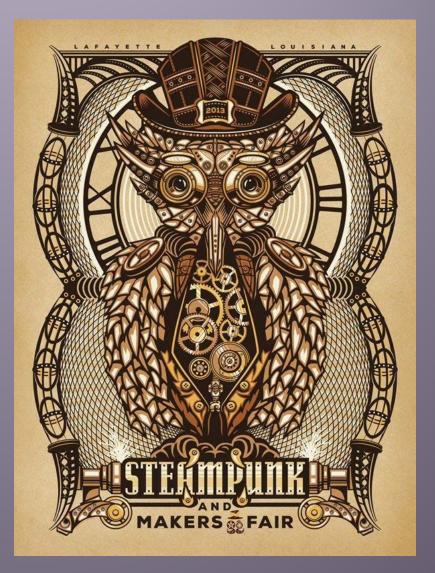
Home





Lifestyle





Steampunk

More than a literary genre....

 Today, a hobby for some; a lifestyle for others who want to embrace the Victorian past.

 A perfect fit for Sherlock Holmes whose methods were ahead of his time.